# **Complete Summary**

## **TITLE**

Obstetrics: percentage of selected primipara undergoing episiotomy AND sustaining a perineal tear while giving birth vaginally.

# SOURCE(S)

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS). ACHS clinical indicator users' manual 2009. ULTIMO NSW: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS); 2009 Jan. 853 p.

## **Measure Domain**

## **PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN**

Outcome

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the <u>Measure Validity</u> page.

## **SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN**

Does not apply to this measure

# **Brief Abstract**

## **DESCRIPTION**

This measure is used to assess the percentage of selected primipara undergoing episiotomy AND sustaining a perineal tear while giving birth vaginally.

# **RATIONALE**

Vaginal birth is the most common cause of anal sphincter injuries in women and as such obstetric anal sphincter injury is considered a major complication of vaginal birth – a complication that can have a significant impact on a woman's quality of life.

## PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Obstetrics; primipara; vaginal delivery; episiotomy; perineal tear

## **DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION**

Total number of selected primipara delivering vaginally (see the related "Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions" field in the Complete Summary)

## **NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION**

Total number of selected primipara undergoing episiotomy AND sustaining a perineal tear while giving birth vaginally (see the related "Numerator Inclusions/Exclusions" field in the Complete Summary)

# **Evidence Supporting the Measure**

## **EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY**

- A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence
- A formal consensus procedure involving experts in relevant clinical, methodological, and organizational sciences
- One or more research studies published in a National Library of Medicine (NLM) indexed, peer-reviewed journal

# **NATIONAL GUIDELINE CLEARINGHOUSE LINK**

• The management of third- and fourth-degree perineal tears.

# **Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure**

## **NEED FOR THE MEASURE**

Unspecified

# **State of Use of the Measure**

#### STATE OF USE

Current routine use

## **CURRENT USE**

Internal quality improvement

# **Application of Measure in its Current Use**

# **CARE SETTING**

Hospitals

# PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Advanced Practice Nurses Physicians

# LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Single Health Care Delivery Organizations

## **TARGET POPULATION AGE**

Unspecified

# **TARGET POPULATION GENDER**

Female (only)

# STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

# **Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component**

# INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

Unspecified

# **ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS**

Unspecified

# **BURDEN OF ILLNESS**

See the "Rationale" field.

# **UTILIZATION**

Unspecified

## **COSTS**

Unspecified

# **Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories**

## **IOM CARE NEED**

Getting Better

## **IOM DOMAIN**

Effectiveness

# **Data Collection for the Measure**

#### **CASE FINDING**

Users of care only

## **DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING**

Selected primipara delivering vaginally

## **DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME**

Patients associated with provider

# **DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS**

#### **Inclusions**

Total number of selected primipara\* delivering vaginally

- A woman who is 20-34 years of age at the time of giving birth
- Giving birth for the first time at greater than 20 weeks of gestation
- Singleton pregnancy
- Cephalic presentation
- At 37 weeks to 41 weeks gestation

Refer to the original measure documentation for specific International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM) codes.

## **Exclusions**

Refer to the original measure documentation for specific ICD-10-AM codes to be excluded.

## **RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR**

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

# **DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT**

Clinical Condition Institutionalization Therapeutic Intervention

# **DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW**

<sup>\*</sup>Selected primipara is defined as:

Time window is a single point in time

# **NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS**

#### **Inclusions**

Total number of selected primipara undergoing episiotomy\* AND sustaining a perineal tear\*\* while giving birth vaginally

Note: Any degree of perineal tear is included.

\*Episiotomy is defined as surgical incision made intentionally to increase the diameter of the vulval outlet to facilitate delivery.

\*\*Perineal Tears can be divided into:

- First degree: Injury to the skin only
- Second degree: Injury to the perineum involving perineal muscles but not involving the anal sphincter
- Third degree: Injury to perineum involving the anal sphincter complex:
  - 3a: Less than 50% of external anal sphincter thickness torn
  - 3b: More than 50% of external anal sphincter thickness torn
  - 3c: Both external and internal anal sphincter torn
- **Fourth degree**: Injury to perineum involving the anal sphincter complex (external and internal anal sphincter) and anal epithelium

Refer to the original measure documentation for specific International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Australian Modification (ICD-10-AM) codes.

## **Exclusions**

Unspecified

# MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

## **NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW**

Encounter or point in time

# **DATA SOURCE**

Administrative data Medical record

# LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Not Individual Case

## **OUTCOME TYPE**

Adverse Outcome

# **PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED**

Unspecified

# **Computation of the Measure**

## **SCORING**

Rate

#### **INTERPRETATION OF SCORE**

Better quality is associated with a lower score

# **ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS**

Unspecified

## STANDARD OF COMPARISON

External comparison at a point in time External comparison of time trends Internal time comparison

# **Evaluation of Measure Properties**

# **EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING**

Unspecified

# **Identifying Information**

#### **ORIGINAL TITLE**

Indicator area 3: major perineal tears & surgical repair of the perineum CI 3.4.

# **MEASURE COLLECTION**

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS) Equip Clinical Indicators

# **MEASURE SET NAME**

**Obstetrics Indicators** 

# **DEVELOPER**

# **FUNDING SOURCE(S)**

Funding is direct Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS) funding sourced through our membership. ACHS does not receive external funding from the government or other sources.

# **COMPOSITION OF THE GROUP THAT DEVELOPED THE MEASURE**

Our terms of reference dictate the composition of the working parties that develop our indicators and include the following:

- Two Clinicians -- nominated by the relevant specialty college/association/society, one nominated to be the chair of the working party
- Private Hospital Representative -- nominated by the Australian Private Hospital Association
- Consumer Representative -- nominated by the Consumer Health Forum of Australia
- Coding Representative -- nominated by the National Centre for Clinical classification on Health
- Quality Health New Zealand, nominated by QHNZ (if applicable)
- Epidemiological/Clinical Research Representative, Director of Health Services Research Group, University of Newcastle
- Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS) Representatives -- Clinical Director, Coordinator, Administrative Assistant
- Other Expert Stakeholders, as required

# FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/OTHER POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

None

## **ADAPTATION**

Measure was not adapted from another source.

#### **RELEASE DATE**

1995 Jan

## **REVISION DATE**

2009 Jan

## **MEASURE STATUS**

This is the current release of the measure.

This measure updates a previous version: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS). ACHS clinical indicator users' manual 2008. ULTIMO NSW: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS); 2007 Dec. 776 p.

# SOURCE(S)

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS). ACHS clinical indicator users' manual 2009. ULTIMO NSW: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS); 2009 Jan. 853 p.

#### **MEASURE AVAILABILITY**

The individual measure, "Indicator Area 3: Major Perineal Tears & Surgical Repair of the Perineum CI 3.4," is published in "ACHS Clinical Indicator Users' Manual 2009."

For more information contact, the Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS), 5 Macarthur Street, ULTIMO NSW 2007; Phone: (02) 9281 9955; Fax: (02) 9211 9633; E-mail: pos@achs.org.au; Web site: www.achs.org.au.

#### **COMPANION DOCUMENTS**

The following is available:

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS). Australasian clinical indicator report 2001-2007. Determining the potential to improve quality of care: 9th edition. ULTIMO NSW: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS); 2008. 611 p. This document is available in Portable Document Format (PDF) from the <u>Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS)</u> Web site.

## **NQMC STATUS**

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI Institute on October 21, 2008. This NQMC summary was updated by ECRI Institute on June 30, 2009.

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